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THE LABOR MARKET REPORT

Tennessee Department of Employment Security

Data for September 1990

Ned Ray McWherter, Governor

James A. Davenport, Commissioner

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AVERAGE ANNUAL PAY FOR THE SOUTHEAST STATES, 1989

Average annual pay for southeastern workers covered by state and federal unemployment insurance programs increased from $19,117 in 1988 to $19,699 in 1989. Pay increases in the Southeast[1] were slightly lower than they were nationwide in 1989, 3.0 percent compared to 3.2 percent. Pay levels in each of the regional states also remained below the national average of $22,567.

Within the region, Florida and Georgia had the highest averages at $20,072 and $21,071, respectively, due to higher pay in finance, insurance, and real estate; transportation, communications, and public utilities; and wholesale trade industries. Mississippi had the lowest pay in the region and was third lowest in the nation at $17,047. Only two of the eight states had increases in annual average pay from 1988 to1989 above the national average. South Carolina had the largest increase at 4.4 percent, primarily due to above-average pay gains in construction, manufacturing, services, and government. Kentucky and Tennessee had the smallest increases, 2.5 and 2.6 percent respectively. (See page 2.)

Pay among industries varied widely in Tennessee. Mining, the industry employing the smallest number of people, had the highest average pay at $27,122. Retail trade and services, two of the largest industries in the Tennessee, had the lowest pay, $11,243 and $18,563, respectively. Industries with the largest pay increases were mining (5.2 percent) and services (3.9 percent).

The Nashville MSA had a pay level of $21,202, highest among the metropolitan areas in Tennessee. The Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY MSA had the lowest pay in Tennessee and also second lowest in the region. Increases in pay were largest in the Nashville MSA (3.6 percent) and the Jackson MSA (3.4 percent).

[1]Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee are included in the southeastern area.

AVERAGE ANNUAL PAY FOR THE METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS IN TENNESSEE, 1988-1989

	1988	1989	Percent change
Chattanooga, TN-GA	$19,730	$19,821	0.5 %
Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY	15,767	16,197	2.7
Jackson, TN	18,016	18,630	3.4
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA	19,048	19,597	2.9
Knoxville, TN	19,035	19,447	2.2
Memphis, TN-AR-MS	20,371	20,877	2.5
Nashville, TN	20,469	21,202	3.6

AVERAGE ANNUAL PAY FOR THE SOUTHEAST IN 1988 AND 1989[1]

Industry	U.S. Total			Southeast			Alabama			Florida		
	1988	1989[2]	Percent change	1988	1989[2]	Percent change	1988	1989[2]	Percent change	1988	1989[2]	Percent change
Private Industry[3]	$21,650	$22,268	2.9	$18,833	$19,367	2.8	$18,631	$19,183	3.0	$19,088	$19,572	2.5
Mining	34,341	35,787	4.2	29,693	30,593	3.0	34,368	35,014	1.9	27,732	28,236	1.8
Construction	24,433	25,213	3.2	19,791	20,395	3.1	19,161	19,694	2.8	20,323	21,001	3.3
Manufacturing	26,916	27,749	3.1	21,568	22,321	3.5	21,161	21,864	3.3	23,467	24,290	3.5
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	28,206	28,912	2.5	26,465	26,973	1.9	26,609	27,372	2.9	26,490	26,426	-0.2
Wholesale trade	27,843	28,634	2.8	25,519	26,192	2.6	22,832	23,573	3.2	26,312	27,035	2.7
Retail trade	11,965	12,283	2.7	11,320	11,518	1.7	10,773	10,932	1.5	12,129	12,375	2.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	27,691	28,303	2.2	23,258	23,883	2.7	21,454	21,916	2.2	23,978	24,433	1.9
Services	19,984	20,764	3.9	18,050	18,753	3.9	17,851	18,553	3.9	19,208	19,907	3.6
Government	23,024	24,116	4.7	20,573	21,397	4.0	20,549	21,310	3.7	22,017	22,910	4.1
Total	21,872	22,567	3.2	19,117	19,699	3.0	19,003	19,593	3.1	19,523	20,072	2.8

Industry	Georgia			Kentucky			Mississippi			North Carolina		
	1988	1989[2]	Percent change	1988	1989[2]	Percent change	1988	1989[2]	Percent change	1988	1989[2]	Percent change
Private Industry[3]	$20,501	$21,000	2.4	$18,320	$18,752	2.4	$16,344	$16,727	2.3	$18,405	$19,061	3.6
Mining	28,303	29,157	3.0	31,370	32,441	3.4	23,702	24,223	2.2	27,863	28,769	3.3
Construction	21,032	21,267	1.1	19,797	20,191	2.0	17,006	17,996	5.8	18,521	19,040	2.8
Manufacturing	21,732	22,410	3.1	24,176	24,592	1.7	18,353	18,647	1.6	20,633	21,538	4.4
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	29,476	30,021	1.8	24,345	25,076	3.0	23,449	24,408	4.1	26,024	27,017	3.8
Wholesale trade	29,175	30,033	2.9	22,191	22,834	2.9	20,575	21,341	3.7	25,163	25,544	1.5
Retail trade	11,815	11,957	1.2	9,955	10,120	1.7	10,048	10,160	1.1	11,023	11,269	2.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate	26,395	27,075	2.6	20,861	21,731	4.2	19,503	20,149	3.3	22,395	23,526	5.1
Services	19,474	20,139	3.4	15,547	16,135	3.8	15,320	15,739	2.7	16,967	17,767	4.7
Government	20,517	21,411	4.4	19,646	20,231	3.0	17,205	18,276	6.2	19,938	20,761	4.1
Total	20,504	21,071	2.8	18,545	19,001	2.5	16,522	17,047	3.2	18,636	19,320	3.7

[1]For workers covered by state and Federal unemployment insurance programs.
[2]Preliminary data.
[3]Includes data for industries in addition to those shown separately.

AVERAGE ANNUAL PAY FOR THE SOUTHEAST IN 1988 AND 1989[1]

Industry	South Carolina		
	1988	1989[2]	Percent change
Private Industry[3]	$17,547	$18,288	4.2
Mining	24,138	24,853	3.0
Construction	18,871	20,031	6.1
Manufacturing	21,182	22,239	5.0
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	25,131	26,373	4.9
Wholesale trade	22,721	23,526	3.5
Retail trade	10,412	10,721	3.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	20,055	20,756	3.5
Services	15,452	16,243	5.1
Government	20,226	21,228	5.0
Total	18,009	18,797	4.4

Industry	Tennessee		
	1988	1989[2]	Percent change
Private Industry[3]	$18,882	$19,400	2.7
Mining	25,784	27,122	5.2
Construction	20,502	21,160	3.2
Manufacturing	21,670	22,390	3.3
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	25,227	25,634	1.6
Wholesale trade	24,323	24,910	2.4
Retail trade	11,175	11,243	0.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate	22,888	23,302	1.8
Services	17,861	18,563	3.9
Government	20,967	21,425	2.2
Total	19,209	19,712	2.6

[1]For workers covered by state and Federal unemployment insurance programs.
[2]Preliminary data.
[3]Includes data for industries in addition to those shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

County	September 1989	September 1990	County	September 1989	September 1990
Anderson	4.1	4.4	Lauderdale	6.1	6.7
Bedford	6.1	6.5	Lawrence	12.1	11.6
Benton	4.1	7.4	Lewis	5.3	7.4
Bledsoe	3.6	5.1	Lincoln	4.0	4.5
Blount	5.1	4.5	Loudon	4.7	4.9
Bradley	3.6	4.4	Macon	6.9	6.1
Campbell	8.6	10.8	Madison	4.2	4.9
Cannon	7.1	9.7	Marion	7.2	6.9
Carroll	5.1	6.8	Marshall	3.8	6.6
Carter	5.3	4.8	Maury	3.5	6.8
Cheatham	2.5	3.6	McMinn	4.4	7.5
Chester	3.5	4.5	McNairy	5.8	5.5
Claiborne	5.0	6.8	Meigs	6.0	7.4
Clay	3.2	3.6	Monroe	5.9	7.9
Cocke	9.7	8.5	Montgomery	5.9	7.0
Coffee	4.6	5.9	Moore	3.8	5.2
Crockett	4.3	3.7	Morgan	7.9	7.4
Cumberland	5.8	6.3	Obion	7.8	5.7
Davidson	3.4	3.7	Overton	5.5	7.9
Decatur	6.6	9.2	Perry	4.4	8.9
DeKalb	6.1	6.2	Pickett	5.6	5.7
Dickson	5.1	5.5	Polk	8.5	10.8
Dyer	4.2	5.5	Putnam	4.5	6.6
Fayette	4.8	8.7	Rhea	6.3	6.1
Fentress	6.9	9.1	Roane	7.4	6.1
Franklin	4.2	4.9	Robertson	3.6	5.0
Gibson	6.2	6.4	Rutherford	4.2	6.1
Giles	5.5	7.5	Scott	7.8	10.1
Grainger	5.7	6.4	Sequatchie	5.6	5.9
Greene	5.1	7.5	Sevier	5.0	4.3
Grundy	6.3	9.7	Shelby	4.2	4.7
Hamblen	4.8	5.5	Smith	4.3	5.7
Hamilton	4.3	4.4	Stewart	4.7	4.9
Hancock	2.8	4.0	Sullivan	3.3	3.8
Hardeman	4.4	5.1	Sumner	4.9	5.5
Hardin	7.0	6.0	Tipton	4.6	4.3
Hawkins	4.9	3.7	Trousdale	3.8	4.9
Haywood	8.2	10.6	Unicoi	6.9	6.6
Henderson	4.4	6.8	Union	5.0	6.1
Henry	4.8	6.9	Van Buren	5.2	8.8
Hickman	4.0	6.2	Warren	5.9	8.6
Houston	6.6	9.4	Washington	3.4	3.9
Humphreys	7.9	13.6	Wayne	8.8	8.5
Jackson	4.8	6.7	Weakley	4.4	4.8
Jefferson	5.0	5.3	White	7.7	9.6
Johnson	13.1	10.9	Williamson	2.2	2.9
Knox	4.4	4.1	Wilson	4.0	4.7
Lake	4.7	6.5			

TENNESSEE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	September 1989				Revised August 1990				Preliminary September 1990			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate
U.S.[1]	123,828,000	117,498,000	6,330,000	5.1	126,012,000	119,174,000	6,837,000	5.4	124,779,000	117,961,000	6,818,000	5.5
TENNESSEE[2]	2,397,900	2,287,900	110,000	4.6	2,420,000	2,299,600	120,400	5.0	2,416,300	2,290,500	125,800	5.2
METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS[2]												
CHATTANOOGA	211,300	201,100	10,200	4.8	212,200	202,800	9,400	4.4	212,000	201,600	10,400	4.9
JOHNSON CITY, KINGSPORT, AND BRISTOL	215,400	206,400	9,000	4.2	224,300	215,300	9,000	4.0	223,900	213,800	10,100	4.5
KNOXVILLE	294,500	281,000	13,500	4.6	289,600	276,900	12,700	4.4	286,500	274,100	12,400	4.3
MEMPHIS	473,200	452,400	20,800	4.4	476,100	454,400	21,700	4.6	477,300	454,300	23,000	4.8
NASHVILLE	534,500	515,100	19,400	3.6	536,100	515,100	21,000	3.9	535,100	512,200	22,900	4.3

[1] Error range for these estimates is plus or minus 0.2 percentage points.

[2] Error range for these estimates cannot be computed.

Tennessee's preliminary unemployment rate of 5.2 percent was two-tenths of a percentage point higher than the August rate but was still lower than the national unemployment rate of 5.5 percent.

Across the state, the unemployment rate increased in 62 counties, decreased in 30 counties, and remained the same in three counties. Williamson County at 2.9 percent, up from 2.4 percent, continued to have the state's lowest unemployment rate. Humphreys County at 13.6 percent, up from 13.1 percent, recorded the state's highest unemployment rate.

From September 1989 to September 1990, the civilian labor force grew by 18,400: approximately 2,600 more Tennesseans were employed, and 15,800 more were unemployed. The unemployment rate in September 1989 was 4.6 percent.

Total nonagricultural employment reached a record level of 2,196,100. The majority of the employment growth from September to September took place in the service-producing sector where 18,200 jobs were created. The services industry increased by 11,800 with the majority of the growth occurring in health services, up by 6,200. Government was up by 4,300, due primarily to increases in federal government and growth in state educational services. Retail trade increased by 3,400.

Jobs in the goods-producing sector declined 10,400. A record level of 38,500 was reached in transportation equipment which increased by 3,100 because of growth in automobile production.

From August 1990 to September 1990, the employment picture was affected by seasonal patterns with school employees returning to work and the tourist season winding down. Government was up by 13,500 due mainly to increases in employment in local school systems and colleges. Other increases occurred in retail general merchandise, up by 1,300; services increased by 900; and apparel grew by 600. Employment declined in industrial machinery and equipment, down by 1,300; construction was off by 900; and hotels and other lodgings were affected by tourist related declines that accounted for a loss of 1,300 jobs.

STATEWIDE

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT* (in thousands)

Industry	September 1989	Revised August 1990	Preliminary September 1990	Net Change Sept. 1989 to Sept. 1990	Net Change Aug. 1990 to Sept. 1990
TOTAL	2,188.3	2,183.9	2,196.1	7.8	12.2
Goods Producing	637.9	629.7	627.5	-10.4	-2.2
Manufacturing	528.1	521.0	519.8	-8.3	-1.2
Durable Goods	261.6	259.1	258.1	-3.5	-1.0
Lumber & Wood Products	21.1	20.7	20.5	-0.6	-0.2
Furniture & Fixtures	28.1	28.2	28.5	0.4	0.3
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	14.7	14.6	14.6	-0.1	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	15.6	14.7	14.8	-0.8	0.1
Fabricated Metal Products	43.0	42.5	42.4	-0.6	-0.1
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	40.5	38.6	37.3	-3.2	-1.3
Electronic & Other Electric Equip.	40.4	37.8	37.7	-2.7	-0.1
Transportation Equipment	35.4	38.2	38.5	3.1	0.3
Instruments & Related Products	10.7	11.3	11.4	0.7	0.1
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	12.1	12.5	12.4	0.3	-0.1
Nondurable Goods	266.6	261.9	261.7	-4.9	-0.2
Food & Kindred Products	39.1	39.2	38.9	-0.2	-0.3
Meat Products	8.4	8.2	8.0	-0.4	-0.2
Tobacco	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0
Textile Mill Products	22.5	21.4	21.4	-1.1	0.0
Knitting Mills	10.7	10.0	10.0	-0.7	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	65.7	63.1	63.7	-2.0	0.6
Paper & Allied Products	22.6	22.4	22.5	-0.1	0.1
Printing & Publishing	37.4	37.2	37.1	-0.3	-0.1
Chemicals & Allied Products	39.6	40.1	39.6	0.0	-0.5
Petroleum Refining, Etc.	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.1	0.0
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics	27.8	27.0	27.0	-0.8	0.0
Leather & Leather Products	10.0	9.5	9.5	-0.5	0.0
Mining	6.4	6.4	6.3	-0.1	-0.1
Construction	103.4	102.3	101.4	-2.0	-0.9
Service Producing	1,550.4	1,554.2	1,568.6	18.2	14.4
Transportation, Communication, & Public Util.	116.5	116.6	116.7	0.2	0.1
Transportation	90.1	90.2	90.4	0.3	0.2
Communications & Public Utilities	26.4	26.4	26.3	-0.1	-0.1
Trade	513.3	515.2	515.6	2.3	0.4
Wholesale Trade	131.1	130.1	130.0	-1.1	-0.1
Durable Goods	74.9	74.1	73.9	-1.0	-0.2
Nondurable Goods	56.1	56.0	56.1	0.0	0.1
Retail Trade	382.2	385.1	385.6	3.4	0.5
Building Materials & Garden Supplies	15.4	15.4	15.2	-0.2	-0.2
Retail General Merchandise	55.6	56.4	57.7	2.1	1.3
Food Stores	66.0	68.4	68.3	2.3	-0.1
Automotive Dealers & Service Stations	43.4	43.6	43.4	0.0	-0.2
Apparel & Accessory Stores	21.5	20.3	20.4	-1.1	0.1
Furniture & Home Furnishings	14.0	13.2	13.3	-0.7	0.1
Eating & Drinking Places	123.1	126.2	125.9	2.8	-0.3
Miscellaneous Retail	43.3	41.6	41.4	-1.9	-0.2
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	104.1	104.2	103.7	-0.4	-0.5
Finance	46.2	45.9	45.7	-0.5	-0.2
Insurance	35.5	35.9	35.8	0.3	-0.1
Real Estate & Investment Offices	22.5	22.4	22.2	-0.3	-0.2
Services	475.6	486.5	487.4	11.8	0.9
Hotels & Other Lodging	32.9	33.1	31.8	-1.1	-1.3
Personal Services	24.6	24.3	24.3	-0.3	0.0
Business Services	90.7	93.3	93.2	2.5	-0.1
Health Services	147.2	152.6	153.4	6.2	0.8
Hospitals	70.0	72.6	73.0	3.0	0.4
Government	340.9	331.7	345.2	4.3	13.5
Federal	62.9	65.3	65.5	2.6	0.2
State & Local	278.0	266.4	279.7	1.7	13.3
State	78.1	76.2	79.4	1.3	3.2
Local	199.9	190.2	200.3	0.4	10.1

*Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

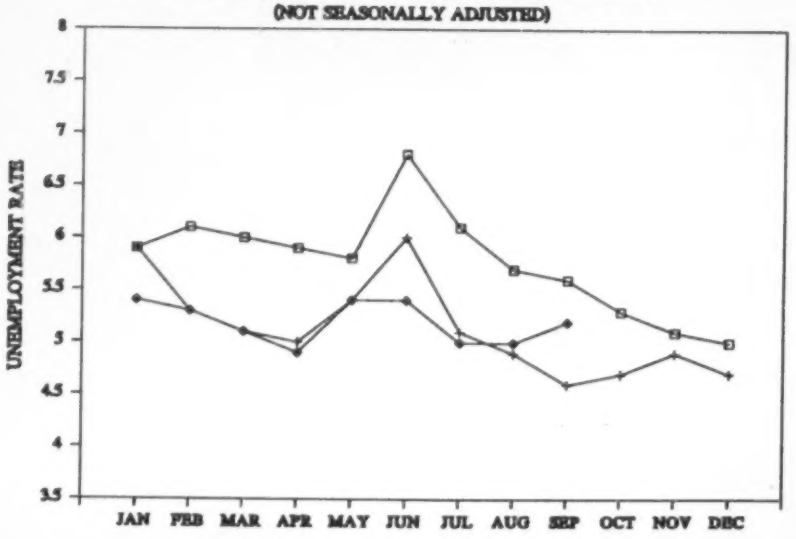
Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990
All Manufacturing	383.14	376.27	382.14	41.6	39.4	39.6	9.21	9.55	9.65
Durable Goods	401.94	381.75	390.22	42.0	38.6	39.1	9.57	9.89	9.98
Lumber & Wood Products	262.17	265.46	266.26	40.9	40.1	39.8	6.41	6.62	6.69
Furniture & Fixtures	325.61	309.04	310.00	40.1	36.4	36.6	8.12	8.49	8.47
Stone, Clay, & Glass	553.49	540.55	532.44	44.6	44.6	43.5	12.41	12.12	12.24
Primary Metal Industries	532.27	489.34	511.37	43.7	42.7	43.3	12.18	11.46	11.81
Fabricated Metal Products	435.34	423.12	434.72	41.9	41.0	41.8	10.39	10.32	10.40
Ind. Machinery, Electronic, & Other Electric Equipment	390.43	335.94	347.33	42.3	35.7	36.6	9.23	9.41	9.49
Instruments & Related Products	417.21	405.72	411.31	42.1	42.0	42.8	9.91	9.66	9.61
Nondurable Goods	363.80	369.84	374.26	41.2	40.2	40.2	8.83	9.20	9.31
Food & Kindred Products	361.92	367.08	369.09	41.6	42.0	41.8	8.70	8.74	8.83
Textile Mill Products	322.21	333.66	331.17	41.9	41.5	41.5	7.69	8.04	7.98
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	221.92	226.07	226.92	38.0	36.7	36.6	5.84	6.16	6.20
Paper & Allied Products	548.86	498.53	519.64	48.4	42.5	44.3	11.34	11.73	11.73
Chemical & Allied Products	523.81	485.41	526.08	42.9	39.4	41.1	12.21	12.32	12.80
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics	413.50	458.22	455.03	40.9	42.0	40.7	10.11	10.91	11.18
Leather & Leather Products	257.92	259.01	257.74	40.3	38.6	38.7	6.40	6.71	6.66

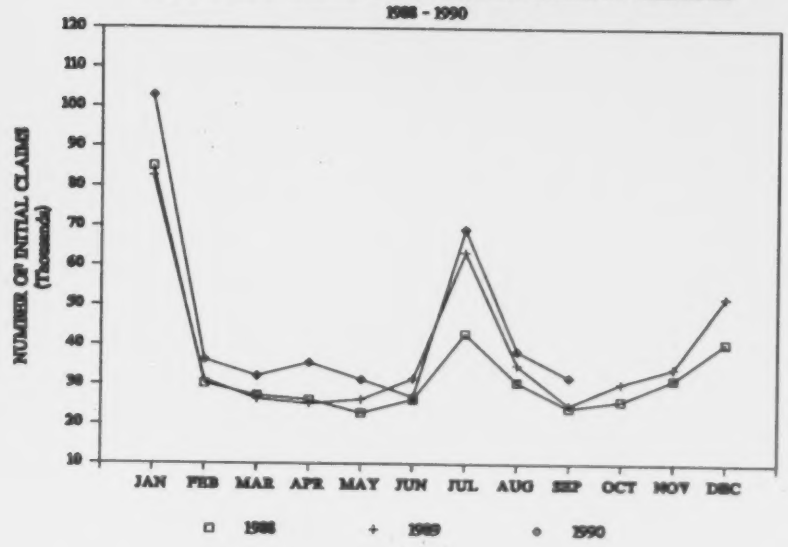
TENNESSEE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)

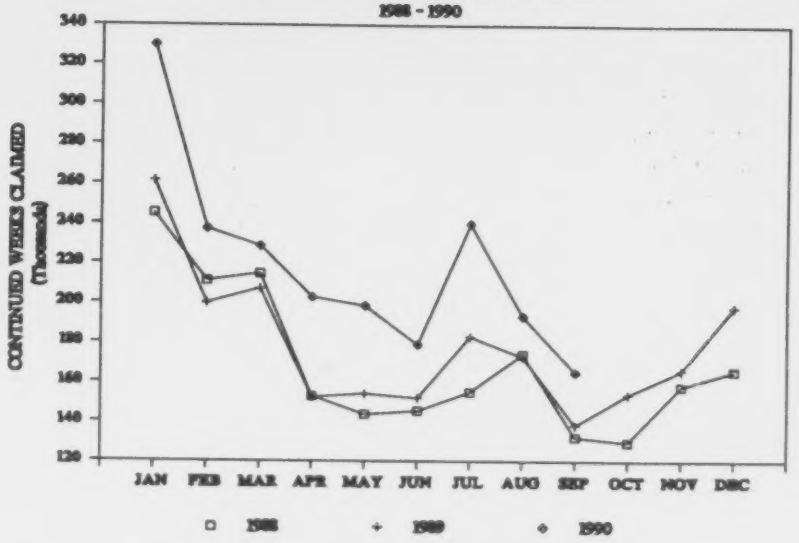


STATE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

MONTHLY INITIAL UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIMS



MONTHLY UI WEEKS CLAIMED



STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM

CLAIMS	Sept. 1989	August 1990	Sept. 1990
Initial Claims	24,918	38,576	31,880
Continued Weeks Claimed	138,169	193,249	164,970
Nonmonetary Determinations	4,090	4,298	11,578
Appeals Decisions	1,202	1,296	1,076
Lower Authority	964	1,128	940
Higher Authority	238	168	136
BENEFITS			
Amount Paid	$13,273,774	$18,960,553	$16,600,711
Benefit Weeks Paid	121,213	169,059	144,622
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$112	$111	$116
First Payments	9,974	27,447	22,276
Final Payments	2,463	4,464	3,301
Average Weeks Duration	11	10	9
Trust Fund Balance	$638,128,021	$692,076,705	$677,399,853

FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS

FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES:	Sept. 1989	August 1990	Sept. 1990
Benefits Paid	$636,942	$702,905	$529,225
Benefit Weeks Claimed	3,723	3,451	2,780
Initial Claims	394	388	294
Continued Weeks Claimed	3,972	3,614	2,855
Appeals Decisions	16	25	18
FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL:			
Benefits Paid	$158,291	$213,446	$204,151
Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,068	1,346	1,313
Initial Claims	204	293	225
Continued Weeks Claimed	1,198	1,548	1,478
Appeals Decisions	2	3	7

CHATTANOOGA MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 700 between August and September. Manufacturing employment decreased by 600 during the month with the largest decreases reported in chemicals (-200) and textile mill products (-200) due to layoffs. The reopening of schools caused a gain of 1,000 in state and local government. The services industry increased by 300 due to the reopening of private schools. Over the year, the services industry grew by 1,400 or 3.5 percent, over the year.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	September 1989	Revised August 1990	Preliminary September 1990	Net Change Sept. 1989 to Sept. 1990	Net Change Aug. 1990 to Sept. 1990
TOTAL	197.3	198.6	199.3	2.0	0.7
Goods Producing	55.8	56.3	55.8	0.0	-0.5
Manufacturing	47.1	46.9	46.3	-0.8	-0.6
Durable Goods	18.3	17.7	17.5	-0.8	-0.2
Lumber & Wood Products, including Furniture	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	3.8	3.4	3.4	-0.4	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	4.3	4.2	4.1	-0.2	-0.1
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	2.6	2.6	2.5	-0.1	-0.1
All Other Durable Goods	5.5	5.5	5.4	-0.1	-0.1
Nondurable Goods	28.7	29.2	28.8	0.1	-0.4
Food & Kindred Products	6.7	6.7	6.7	0.0	0.0
Textile Mill Products	12.0	12.7	12.5	0.5	-0.2
Knitting Mills	2.6	2.6	2.6	0.0	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	1.6	1.5	1.5	-0.1	0.0
Paper & Allied Products	1.9	1.9	1.8	-0.1	-0.1
Printing & Publishing	2.2	2.1	2.1	-0.1	0.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	3.5	3.4	3.2	-0.3	-0.2
All Other Nondurable Goods	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.1	0.1
Mining	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0
Construction	7.9	8.6	8.7	0.8	0.1
Service Producing	141.5	142.2	143.5	2.0	1.3
Trans., Communication, & Public Utilities	7.9	8.1	8.1	0.2	0.0
Trade	47.4	46.3	46.3	-1.1	0.0
Wholesale Trade	11.9	11.4	11.4	-0.5	0.0
Wholesale Durable Goods	7.0	6.8	6.8	-0.2	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	4.8	4.6	4.6	-0.2	0.0
Retail Trade	35.5	34.8	34.9	-0.6	0.1
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	12.6	13.3	13.3	0.7	0.0
Services	40.0	41.1	41.4	1.4	0.3
Government	33.6	33.5	34.5	0.9	1.0
Federal	8.9	9.6	9.6	0.7	0.0
State & Local	24.6	23.9	24.9	0.3	1.0
State	5.0	5.6	6.1	0.1	0.5
Local	18.6	18.2	18.8	0.2	0.6

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

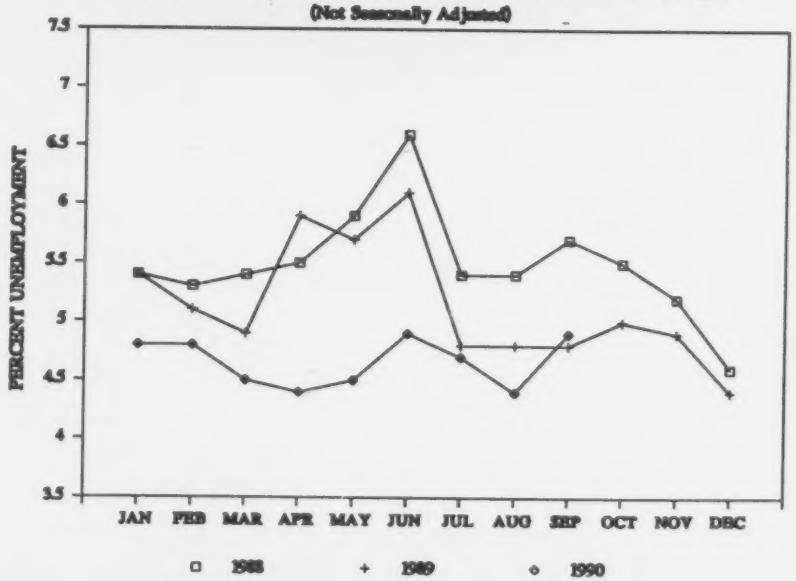
*The Chattanooga Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Hamilton, Marion, and Sequatchie counties in Tennessee and Catoosa, Dade, and Walker counties in Georgia.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — **CHATTANOOGA MSA**

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990
All Manufacturing	341.30	351.20	364.21	40.2	40.0	41.2	8.49	8.78	8.84
Durable Goods	373.57	371.08	374.91	41.6	40.6	40.4	8.98	9.14	9.28
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	382.00	311.60	313.54	45.1	46.3	44.6	8.47	6.73	7.03
Primary Metal Industries	387.06	408.20	398.54	40.7	42.3	41.3	9.51	9.65	9.65
Fabricated Metal Products	458.14	383.82	411.84	41.2	37.3	39.0	11.12	10.29	10.56
Machinery, Except Electrical	433.23	468.16	491.98	39.1	38.5	38.8	11.08	12.16	12.68
Nondurable Goods	319.48	337.00	355.30	39.2	39.6	41.8	8.15	8.51	8.50
Textile Mill Products	310.71	303.37	298.49	43.7	41.5	42.1	7.11	7.31	7.09
Knitting Mills	264.55	249.67	243.46	41.4	40.4	38.4	6.39	6.18	6.34
Paper and Allied Products	529.56	568.83	609.13	50.1	50.5	50.3	10.57	11.66	12.11
Chemicals and Allied Products	443.48	443.50	478.53	38.8	38.7	40.9	11.43	11.46	11.70

CHATTANOOGA MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



JOHNSON CITY, KINGSPORT, AND BRISTOL MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 700 between August and September and rose 6,800 or 4.1 percent over the year. Manufacturing employment decreased by 400 over the month with the largest decline of 300 reported in all other nondurable goods. State and local government increased by 1,100 due to educational employment. The services industry increased by 300 due to the reopening of private schools. Over the year, the services industry increased by 3,800 jobs or 12.4 percent.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	September 1989	Revised August 1990	Preliminary September 1990	Net Change Sept. 1989 to Sept. 1990	Net Change Aug. 1990 to Sept. 1990
TOTAL	166.7	172.8	173.5	6.8	0.7
Goods Producing	62.7	62.4	61.8	-0.9	-0.6
Manufacturing	54.6	54.3	53.9	-0.7	-0.4
Durable Goods	21.5	21.5	21.3	-0.2	-0.2
Lumber & Wood Products, including Furniture	2.1	2.0	2.0	-0.1	0.0
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	2.3	2.4	2.3	0.0	-0.1
Primary Metal Industry and Fabricated Metal Products	3.9	4.0	4.0	0.1	0.0
Machinery and Electronic & Electric Equipment	7.2	7.2	7.2	0.0	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	6.0	5.9	5.8	-0.2	-0.1
Nondurable Goods	33.1	32.8	32.6	-0.5	-0.2
Food & Kindred Products	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0
Textile Mill Products	2.5	2.3	2.3	-0.2	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	5.4	5.3	5.3	-0.1	0.0
Paper & Allied Products and Printing & Publishing	6.2	6.1	6.2	0.0	0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	16.8	17.0	16.7	-0.1	-0.3
Mining & Construction	8.0	8.1	7.9	-0.1	-0.2
Service Producing	104.0	110.4	111.7	7.7	1.3
Trans., Communication, & Public Util.	6.2	6.2	6.3	0.1	0.1
Trade	38.1	39.5	39.6	1.5	0.1
Wholesale Trade	7.2	7.1	7.1	-0.1	0.0
Wholesale Durable Goods	3.6	3.6	3.6	0.0	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	3.6	3.5	3.5	-0.1	0.0
Retail Trade	30.9	32.4	32.5	1.6	0.1
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	5.4	5.3	5.2	-0.2	-0.1
Services	30.6	34.1	34.4	3.8	0.3
Government	23.8	25.2	26.2	2.4	1.0
Federal	3.8	4.2	4.2	0.4	0.0
State & Local	19.9	21.0	22.1	2.2	1.1
State	5.5	4.7	5.3	-0.2	0.6
Local	14.4	16.3	16.7	2.3	0.4

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

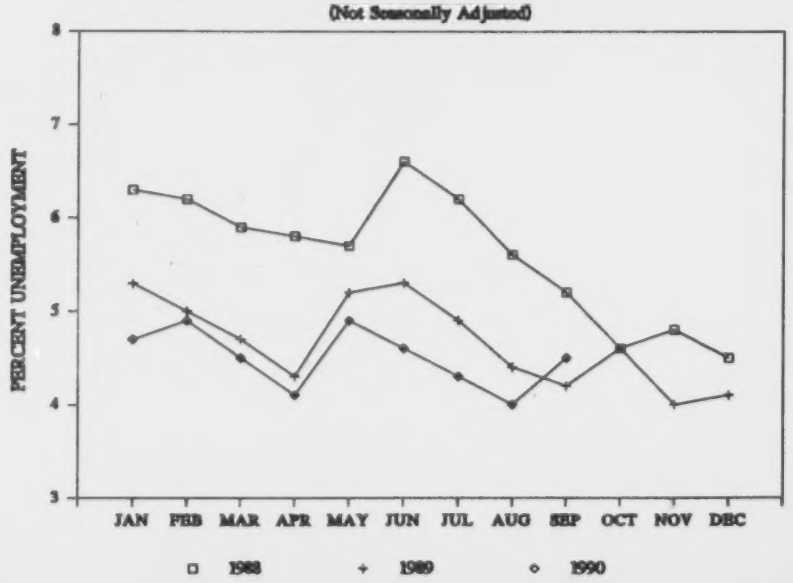
* The Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Carter, Hawkins, Sullivan, Unicoi, and Washington counties in Tennessee and Scott County, Washington County, and Bristol City in Virginia.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS JOHNSON CITY-KINGSPORT-BRISTOL MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990
All Manufacturing	412.79	390.22	409.25	42.6	39.9	40.6	9.69	9.78	10.08
Durable Goods	369.33	392.47	397.28	42.5	41.4	41.6	8.69	9.48	9.55
Primary & Fabricated Metal Prod.	412.34	449.63	429.11	44.1	42.1	41.3	9.35	10.68	10.39
Mach. & Elec. and Electronic Equip.	350.20	361.49	375.42	41.2	40.3	41.3	8.50	8.97	9.09
Nondurable Goods	440.48	389.39	418.80	42.6	38.9	40.0	10.34	10.01	10.47
Food & Kindred Products	361.17	350.64	345.58	39.3	36.0	36.3	9.19	9.74	9.52
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	227.42	203.46	206.09	41.5	37.4	37.7	5.48	5.44	5.44

TRI-CITIES MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



KNOXVILLE MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment decreased by 300 between August and September and by 4,300 over the year. Manufacturing employment increased slightly by 100 during the month with no industry reporting a change greater than 100. The largest decreases were reported in retail trade (-800) and services (-1,100) due to seasonal factors. State and local government increased by 2,400 due to educational employment.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	September 1989	Revised August 1990	Preliminary September 1990	Net Change Sept. 1989 to Sept. 1990	Net Change Aug. 1990 to Sept. 1990
TOTAL	269.3	265.3	265.0	-4.3	-0.3
Goods Producing	70.2	66.5	66.6	-3.6	0.1
Manufacturing	51.9	49.5	49.6	-2.3	0.1
Durable Goods	31.4	29.6	29.6	-1.8	0.0
Lumber & Wood Products	2.3	1.8	1.9	-0.4	0.1
Furniture & Fixtures	2.7	2.6	2.5	-0.2	-0.1
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	2.4	2.1	2.2	-0.2	0.1
All Other Durable Goods	22.6	21.6	21.5	-1.1	-0.1
Nondurable Goods	20.5	19.9	20.0	-0.5	0.1
Food & Kindred Products	3.7	3.6	3.6	-0.1	0.0
Textile Mill Products	2.1	2.0	2.0	-0.1	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	8.4	8.0	8.0	-0.4	0.0
Paper, and Printing & Publishing	4.0	4.1	4.1	0.1	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	2.3	2.2	2.2	-0.1	0.0
Mining	1.8	1.9	1.9	0.1	0.0
Construction	16.5	15.1	15.1	-1.4	0.0
Service Producing	199.1	198.8	198.4	-0.7	-0.4
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	10.5	11.1	11.1	0.6	0.0
Trade	70.5	69.1	68.0	-2.5	-1.1
Wholesale Trade	16.1	15.5	15.2	-0.9	-0.3
Wholesale Durable Goods	9.8	9.1	8.9	-0.9	-0.2
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	6.3	6.4	6.3	0.0	-0.1
Retail Trade	54.3	53.6	52.8	-1.5	-0.8
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	9.8	10.3	10.1	0.3	-0.2
Services	57.3	58.3	57.2	-0.1	-1.1
Government	51.0	50.0	52.0	1.0	2.0
Federal	7.5	6.9	6.7	-0.8	-0.2
State & Local	43.5	43.0	45.4	1.9	2.4
State	20.8	21.1	21.6	0.8	0.5
Local	22.7	21.9	23.8	1.1	1.9

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

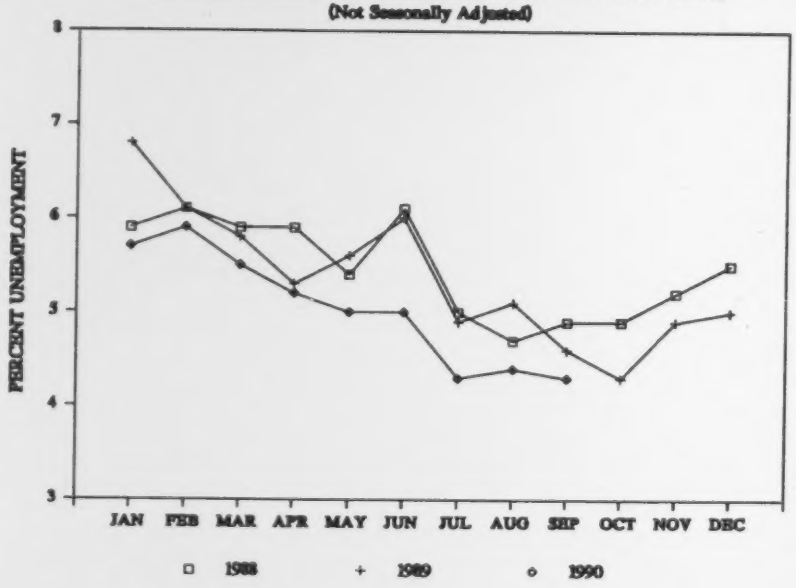
* The Knoxville Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Anderson, Blount, Grainger, Jefferson, Knox, Sevier, and Union counties.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — **KNOXVILLE MSA**

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990
All Manufacturing	382.30	347.63	355.68	40.2	37.5	38.0	9.51	9.27	9.36
Durable Goods	440.30	384.00	396.87	42.5	38.4	39.1	10.36	10.00	10.15
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	383.40	358.20	372.50	42.6	39.8	40.8	9.00	9.00	9.13
Machinery, Except Electrical	393.36	360.45	362.96	44.0	41.1	40.6	8.94	8.77	8.94
Nondurable Goods	279.46	302.96	306.45	36.2	36.5	36.7	7.72	8.30	8.35
Food and Kindred Products	318.25	326.59	325.28	43.3	37.8	38.0	7.35	8.64	8.56
Textile Mill Products	221.94	210.53	213.93	32.4	25.8	25.9	6.85	8.16	8.26
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	252.96	264.58	273.02	37.2	38.4	38.4	6.80	6.89	7.11

KNOXVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



MEMPHIS MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 4,900 between August and September and by 8,400 over the year. Paper and allied products reported a seasonal increase of 200. Transportation, communication, and public utilities increased by 300. The reopening of schools caused a gain of 4,500 in state and local government. Over the year, the services industry increased by 3,700 or 3.4 percent.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	September 1989	Revised August 1990	Preliminary September 1990	Net Change Sept. 1989 to Sept. 1990	Net Change Aug. 1990 to Sept. 1990
TOTAL	465.0	468.5	473.4	8.4	4.9
Goods Producing	82.4	82.6	82.4	0.0	-0.2
Manufacturing	62.8	62.2	62.0	-0.8	-0.2
Durable Goods	27.6	27.6	27.5	-0.1	-0.1
Lumber & Wood Products	2.3	2.3	2.3	0.0	0.0
Sawmills & Planing Mills	0.9	0.8	0.8	-0.1	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	2.3	2.3	2.2	-0.1	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Products	5.8	5.9	5.9	0.1	0.0
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	6.1	5.6	5.6	-0.5	0.0
Electronic & Electric Equipment	3.8	3.8	3.8	0.0	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	7.3	7.7	7.7	0.4	0.0
Nondurable Goods	35.2	34.6	34.5	-0.7	-0.1
Food & Kindred Products	7.5	7.1	7.0	-0.5	-0.1
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	2.3	2.2	2.3	0.0	0.1
Paper & Allied Products	8.6	8.4	8.6	0.0	0.2
Printing & Publishing	6.1	6.1	6.0	-0.1	-0.1
Chemicals & Allied Products	8.5	8.6	8.4	-0.1	-0.2
All Other Nondurable Goods	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0
Mining & Construction	19.6	20.4	20.4	0.8	0.0
Service Producing	382.6	385.9	391.0	8.4	5.1
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	47.4	47.4	47.7	0.3	0.3
Trade	125.9	127.6	127.8	1.9	0.2
Wholesale Trade	39.0	39.6	39.8	0.8	0.2
Wholesale Durable Goods	24.0	24.5	24.5	0.5	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	15.0	15.1	15.3	0.3	0.2
Retail Trade	86.9	88.0	88.0	1.1	0.0
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	26.1	26.6	26.4	0.3	-0.2
Services	109.6	113.2	113.3	3.7	0.1
Government	73.6	71.1	75.8	2.2	4.7
Federal	18.6	19.3	19.5	0.9	0.2
State & Local	55.0	51.8	56.3	1.3	4.5
State	13.3	12.9	13.6	0.3	0.7
Local	41.7	38.9	42.7	1.0	3.8

Estimates includes all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

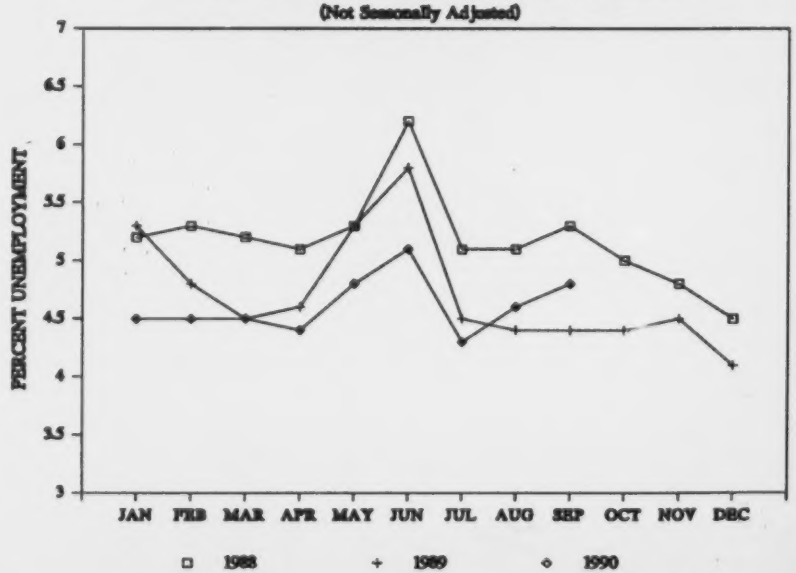
* The Memphis Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Shelby and Tipton counties in Tennessee, Crittenden County in Arkansas, and De Soto County in Mississippi.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — **MEMPHIS MSA**

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990
All Manufacturing	398.98	390.10	395.35	42.4	40.3	40.8	9.41	9.68	9.69
Durable Goods	350.95	314.87	320.35	39.7	37.0	37.6	8.84	8.51	8.52
Lumber and Wood Products	255.06	242.93	249.82	43.6	39.5	40.1	5.85	6.15	6.23
Furniture and Fixtures	285.86	277.09	279.17	42.1	38.7	38.4	6.79	7.16	7.27
Nondurable Goods	442.18	455.57	460.23	44.8	43.1	43.5	9.87	10.57	10.58
Food and Kindred Products	401.10	449.87	464.00	42.4	49.6	50.0	9.46	9.07	9.28
Paper and Allied Products	506.51	456.46	473.19	48.7	41.8	44.1	10.36	10.92	10.73
Chemicals and Allied Prod.	496.50	585.14	577.82	44.4	43.7	42.3	11.16	13.39	13.66

MEMPHIS MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



NASHVILLE MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 2,300 to 497,800 between August and September. This figure was 3,300 more than the September 1989 level of 494,500. Employment in machinery decreased by 800 due to layoffs. Retail trade increased by 500 jobs. The reopening of schools caused a gain of 1,500 in state and local government. The services industry grew by 1,400 due to increases in health services and the reopening of schools. Over the year, the services industry climbed by 6,500 jobs or 5.0 percent.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	September 1989	Revised August 1990	Preliminary September 1990	Net Change Sept. 1989 to Sept. 1990	Net Change Aug. 1990 to Sept. 1990
TOTAL	494.5	495.5	497.8	3.3	2.3
Goods Producing	115.0	114.4	113.3	-1.7	-1.1
Manufacturing	89.2	89.5	88.8	-0.4	-0.7
Durable Goods	49.5	50.3	49.7	0.2	-0.6
Lumber & Wood Products	2.6	2.5	2.5	-0.1	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	4.0	4.2	4.1	0.1	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Products	8.6	8.7	8.7	0.1	0.0
Machinery and Electronic & Electric Equipment	15.9	15.1	14.3	-1.6	-0.8
Transportation Equipment	9.8	11.7	12.0	2.2	0.3
All Other Durable Goods	8.6	8.1	8.1	-0.5	0.0
Nondurable Goods	39.7	39.2	39.1	-0.6	-0.1
Food & Kindred Products	7.5	7.5	7.5	0.0	0.0
Textile Mill Products	2.1	2.0	2.0	-0.1	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	3.6	3.3	3.2	-0.4	-0.1
Printing & Publishing	14.1	13.9	14.0	-0.1	0.1
Petroleum, Coal, & Rubber Products	5.3	5.2	5.2	-0.1	0.0
Leather & Leather Products	1.9	1.9	1.8	-0.1	-0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	5.2	5.4	5.4	0.2	0.0
Mining & Construction	25.8	24.9	24.6	-1.2	-0.3
Service Producing	379.5	381.1	384.5	5.0	3.4
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	26.6	26.7	26.9	0.3	0.2
Trade	120.7	119.7	120.2	-0.5	0.5
Wholesale Trade	34.7	34.5	34.6	-0.1	0.1
Wholesale Durable Goods	20.6	20.1	20.1	-0.5	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	14.1	14.4	14.5	0.4	0.1
Retail Trade	86.0	85.1	85.6	-0.4	0.5
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	32.2	32.3	32.2	0.0	-0.1
Services	131.2	136.3	137.7	6.5	1.4
Government	68.8	66.1	67.5	-1.3	1.4
Federal	9.9	9.7	9.7	-0.2	0.0
State & Local	58.9	56.3	57.8	-1.1	1.5
State	24.9	23.7	24.1	-0.8	0.4
Local	34.0	32.6	33.7	-0.3	1.1

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

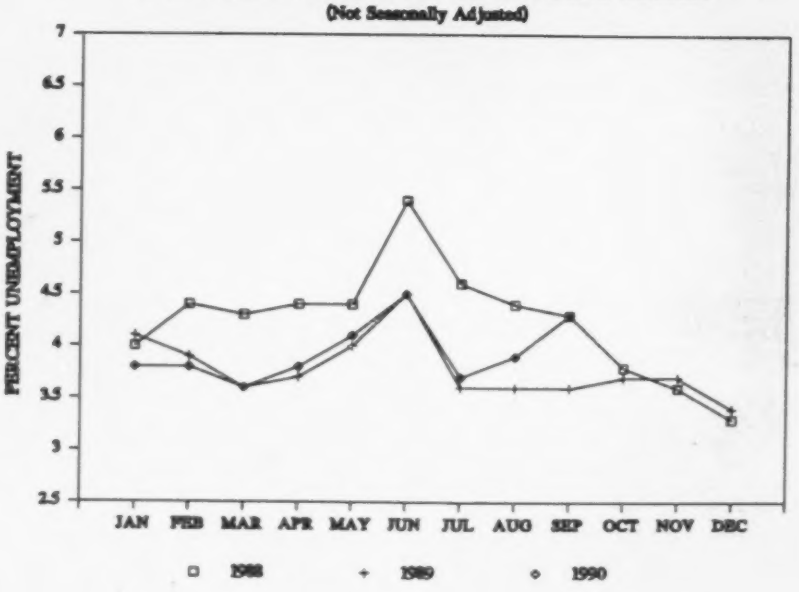
* The Nashville Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Robertson, Rutherford, Sumner, Williamson, and Wilson counties.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — **NASHVILLE MSA**

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990	Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Sept. 1990
All Manufacturing	436.47	484.79	487.34	42.5	42.6	42.6	10.27	11.38	11.44
Durable Goods	430.14	511.41	515.16	41.6	42.3	42.4	10.34	12.09	12.15
Nondurable Goods	447.92	439.89	441.61	44.0	43.0	43.0	10.18	10.23	10.27
Food and Kindred Products	471.30	427.03	451.41	44.8	41.5	41.0	10.52	10.29	11.01
Printing and Publishing	492.02	450.43	431.81	45.6	41.9	41.6	10.79	10.75	10.38

NASHVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

Group	All urban consumers			Wage earners & clerical workers			All urban consumers			Wage earners & clerical workers		
	UNITED STATES	Unadjusted percent change to Sept. 1990 from		UNITED STATES	Unadjusted percent change to Sept. 1990 from		MIAMI-FORT LAUDERDALE	Unadjusted percent change to Sept. 1990 from		MIAMI-FORT LAUDERDALE	Unadjusted percent change to Sept. 1990 from	
		Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990		Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990		Sept. 1989	July 1990		Sept. 1989	July 1990
All items (1982-84=100)...	132.7	6.2	0.8	131.1	6.1	0.9	130.1	5.9	1.1	128.2	5.6	1.2
All items (1967=100).....	397.5	-	-	390.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All items (Nov. 1977=100).	-	-	-	-	-	-	209.6	-	-	208.3	-	-
Food and beverages.....	133.0	5.6	0.2	132.7	5.7	0.2	134.4	6.3	0.1	134.2	5.8	0.1
Food.....	133.2	5.6	0.2	133.0	5.7	0.2	135.6	6.5	- 0.1	135.3	6.1	0.1
Food at home.....	132.9	6.3	0.2	132.6	6.4	0.2	130.9	4.6	- 0.1	130.9	4.6	0.1
Food away from home....	134.6	4.5	0.2	134.5	4.6	0.3	142.9	8.4	0	144.0	8.4	0
Alcoholic beverages.....	130.8	4.8	0.5	130.4	4.8	0.5	122.8	4.7	1.7	118.3	1.5	0.3
Housing.....	130.5	5.0	0.2	128.3	4.7	0.3	123.1	4.4	- 0.2	122.8	4.3	- 0.1
Shelter.....	142.3	6.1	- 0.1	138.8	5.9	0.1	126.0	6.1	- 0.2	126.1	6.1	0
Renters' costs 1/ 2/...	148.9	6.8	- 1.2	132.0	5.9	- 0.5	127.5	6.2	0.2	121.5	6.3	0.7
Rent, residential.....	140.0	4.6	0.4	139.6	4.6	0.6	120.8	6.4	1.5	120.8	6.4	1.5
Apparel and upkeep.....	126.8	5.7	3.8	125.7	5.4	3.6	138.6	0.4	2.7	137.3	0.4	3.8
Transportation.....	123.0	8.2	2.0	122.9	8.3	2.2	123.0	8.2	3.4	119.7	7.3	3.2
Medical care.....	165.8	9.3	0.5	165.5	8.8	0.5	156.4	10.4	1.9	155.6	10.7	2.2
Entertainment.....	134.1	4.9	0.8	132.9	4.6	0.6	122.1	3.0	- 0.2	123.6	3.4	0
Other goods & services...	162.6	7.5	1.4	162.4	7.7	1.2	158.8	11.0	3.0	156.5	10.2	1.8
Purchasing power of the dollar: 1982-84=$1.00	$.754	- 5.8	- 0.8	$.763	- 5.7	- 0.9	$.769	- 5.5	- 1.0	$.780	- 5.3	- 1.1

Group size	All urban consumers				Wage earners and clerical workers			
	All items	Percent change to Sept. 1990 from -- Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Dec. 1977=100	All items	Percent change to Sept. 1990 from -- Sept. 1989	Aug. 1990	Dec. 1977=100
SOUTH (1982-84=100).....	129.7	5.9	0.8	210.3	128.9	5.7	0.9	208.8
Less than 50,000 pop.....	128.8	7.2	0.2	209.2	129.5	7.0	0.4	209.7
50,000-450,000 pop.....	128.5	6.3	0.7	207.9	129.0	6.2	0.8	208.8
450,000-1,200,000 pop....	130.7	5.5	0.7	213.3	128.3	5.4	0.8	207.9
1,200,000 or more pop....	130.2	5.4	0.9	210.3	129.2	5.5	1.1	209.3

NOTE: Effective in 1987, the frequency of publication for the Atlanta indexes was changed from bimonthly to semiannual. Because they are based on smaller samples, local area indexes are subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than national indexes. BLS strongly urges users to consider the use of national indexes in escalator agreements.

1/ United States base year is December 1982 for CPI-U; December 1984 for CPI-W.
2/ Miami base year is November 1982 for CPI-U; November 1984 for CPI-W.

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